

Energy storage: the building blocks toward a green grid

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Renewable outlook: 2025

Majority of U.S. states have Renewable Portfolio Standards.

Map shows percentage of renewable achieved compared to the state standard or goal for the year indicated.





Source: www.ncsl.org



Renewable outlook: 2030

Majority of U.S. states have Renewable Portfolio Standards.

Map shows percentage of renewable achieved compared to the state standard or goal for the year indicated.





Source: www.ncsl.org



Renewable outlook: 2050

Majority of U.S. states have Renewable Portfolio Standards.

Map shows percentage of renewable achieved compared to the state standard or goal for the year indicated.





Source: www.ncsl.org



Energy storage

Storage is defined as:

- An electric energy resource
- Capable of receiving electric energy from the grid and
- Storing it for later injection of electric energy back to the grid.

A variety of technologies have this capability:

- Grid-scale battery systems
- Pumped hydropower
- Flywheels





Benefits



Grid flexibility

- Fast responses
- Improved reliability and efficiency
- Ancillary services



Shift or reduce transmission congestion

 Lower transmission system costs



Support renewables

 Ability to store energy to offset intermittency



Wholesale markets

U.S. FERC Order No. 841 required independent system operators (ISO) to:

Establish market rules that facilitate their participation in regional transmission organizations (RTO) and ISOs, while recognizing the physical and operational characteristics of electric storage resources.

Photo courtesy of FERC

FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION



Energy market revenues



Storage resources 100 kW or larger will be eligible to:

- Use the participation model to provide capacity, energy and ancillary services
- Receive make-whole payments
- Self-manage their state of charge (SOC)
- As a wholesale market seller or buyer, set the market clearing price
- Be exempt from transmission charges normally allocated to loads when dispatched by the RTO/ISO to provide ancillary services.

Definition of process:

Energy market revenues come from the sale of electric energy from RTO/ISO markets to a storage resource that the electric storage resource then resells back to the RTO/ISO markets at the wholesale locational marginal price (LMP).





Energy storage in interconnection queues through 2024 (as of the end of 2020)





Energy storage state mandates (as of July 2021)

Total: 10,500 MW & 1,000 MWh

By the end of 2025

Massachusetts: 1,000 MWh

By the end of 2030

New York:	3,000	MW
New Jersey:	2,000	MW
Nevada:	1,000	MW
Connecticut:	1,000	MW
Maine:	400	MW

By the end of 2035

Virginia: 3,100 MW





Thank you

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